

THE SUBURBAN CITIZEN

VOL. 13.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1902.

NO. 31.

STRIKERS VIOLENT IN SHENANDOAH

Troops Hurriedly Ordered to the Scene of Trouble.

ABOUT FORTY MEN ARE WOUNDED.

Rioting was caused by the attempt of an officer to escort two nonunion men through the strikers' picket line. The police fired volley after volley into the ranks of the strikers.

Shenandoah, Pa. (Special).—Shenandoah, the largest town in Schuylkill county, which was the scene of the first big riot of the strike two years ago, saw a repetition of that affair, the result of which is that a number of the town's policemen were wounded and about 40 of the rioters were more or less seriously wounded. One man is dead already and other deaths are expected.

At 11:45 p. m. Governor Stone ordered the Eighth and Twentieth Regiments and the Governor's Troop to Shenandoah.

The following printed notice was posted by the mine workers all over the town:

"In view of the disturbances that have occurred in Shenandoah within the past 24 hours, in utter disregard to the teachings and principles of the United Mine Workers as an organization and contrary to the explicit instructions of the leaders, we call upon all members of the United Mine Workers to at once do all in their power to suppress lawlessness and to aid the officers in every way to maintain peace and good order."

JOHN FAHY, "President District No. 9," Sheriff S. R. Beddall wired Governor Stone at Paul Smith's, in the Adirondacks, imploring him to order a brigade of militia to Shenandoah. Governor Stone replied that if the citizens of the town petition for troops he would send them, and a petition for that purpose was promptly circulated but a number of business men refused to sign it.

The trouble started about 6 o'clock in the evening, when Deputy Sheriff Thomas Beddall attempted to escort two nonunion workers through the strikers' line of pickets. The workmen were dressed in their street clothes, but one of them carried a bundle under his arm and this aroused the suspicion of the strikers. The bundle was taken from him and when it was found that it contained a blouse and overalls the man was taken from the deputy and severely beaten.

In the meantime Beddall opened fire on the crowd, which had gathered by the time, and emptied his pistol. Two of the shots took effect, one man being shot in the leg and another in the foot. The deputy and the other strike breaker were now compelled to flee for their lives and took refuge in the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad depot. The depot was soon surrounded by a mob of 5,000, which was becoming more threatening and demonstrative every moment.

To Merge Corporations.

New York (Special).—Articles of incorporation of the Rock Island Company were filed in Jersey City. The capital stock is placed at \$150,000,000 and a fee of \$30,000 was deposited with the county clerk of Hudson county, New Jersey. The stock is divided into 54,000 shares of preferred and 960,000 shares of common. The purpose of the corporation is declared to be "to acquire, purchase and hold subscriptions, stocks, bonds, securities, shares and other evidences of corporations generally and to merge corporations one into another." Dividends of 4 per cent. or preferred stock are guaranteed up to 1903 and of 6 per cent. from that time up to 1916.

Riot at a Funeral.

New York (Special).—One of the most remarkable funerals ever held in New York took place Wednesday, 30,000 Hebrews marching in the procession that followed the coffin of the late Chief Rabbi Jacob Joseph, head of the Orthodox Jews in the United States. Unfortunately, this impressive exhibition of grief was marred by a conflict between the mourners and the employees of a large manufactory, who poured water on the heads of the marching procession and thereby almost caused an extensive riot. Many persons were hurt in the disturbance, though there were no fatalities.

Found Buried Dynamite.

Charleston, W. Va. (Special).—John Richards, president of District 17 Union Mine Workers, who is here on trial for violation of a Federal injunction, received a letter from his wife stating that two hundred sticks of dynamite with caps had been discovered concealed just beneath the surface of the ground, at Glen Jean, a spot where the miners would leave the railroad to go to the hall where they hold their meetings. In deference to Judge Keller's injunction the meeting was not held and the discovery was made the following day.

SUMMARY OF THE LATEST NEWS.

Domestic.

The westbound fast mail train on the Pennsylvania Railroad ran into the rear of a freight train at Packsaddle, near Bolivar, Pa. Engineer John Kemmerling of the mail train, was killed and his fireman and three mail clerks were injured. Kemmerling resided in Altoona.

Judge Chytrous issued an injunction in Chicago against the Board of Trade firms of Patten Bros., Carrington Patten & Co. and Bartlett, Frazier & Co., restraining them from continuing to corner in July oats.

In Norfolk, Va., William Treadwell, convicted of the murder of his wife, opposed a motion for a new trial and asked that the death sentence be carried out at once.

The North American Copper Company was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., with a capital of \$20,000,000.

At El Paso, Tex., a "prairie schooner" loaded with smuggled Chinamen was captured.

At Monticello, Minn., a boat capsized and three young ladies were drowned.

L. Zimmerman, postmaster at Linville, Ind., was shot and robbed of \$500.

According to dispatches from Chicago the American Cigar Company has absorbed its chief rival, the United Cigar Manufacturing Company, the consideration being \$10,000,000.

A tornado visited the Gulf of California and did immense damage. Many lives are reported lost. The wires are down and the means of communication are meager.

Paul Van der Voort, past commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, died at Puerto Principe.

Rev. W. H. Leatherman, a Methodist clergyman of Degraff, O., was drowned while trying to save a boy.

Six firemen were injured and a property loss of \$300,000 was sustained in a fire in Pittsburgh.

The flood situation in Texas is improving, but the railroad service is still badly crippled.

Disturbances at the primary election for congressional delegates in Camden N. J., resulted in a number of conflicts. One man was killed and Joe Goddard, the former prize-fighter, seriously wounded.

In Seattle, Wash., William Nixon told an actress that he was Tracey, the outlaw, and threatened her if she informed on him. He was attacked by the police and badly beaten.

The Rev. Dr. Stephen L. Baldwin, recording secretary of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church died in Brooklyn N. Y., aged 67 years.

William Wilson of Lower Loudoun Va., between Sterling and Dranesville, was murdered while returning from the railroad station at Herndon.

L. H. R. Nyce, extradited from Mexico to Philadelphia, where he is accused of forging title deeds, was committed to the county prison for trial.

A gambling syndicate proposes to establish a Monte Carlo at Saratoga, with Lord Rosslyn, the English system player, as star attraction.

Mrs. Clara M. B. Andrews, aged 5 years, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid in a fashionable boarding house in Germantown, Pa.

Edward Q. Cudahy said the story that all the big packinghouses were forming a giant combine is a myth.

There is a decided improvement in the flood situation in Texas.

A slight shock of earthquake occurred in Yankton, S. D.

Foreign.

A long list of decorations bestowed by Emperor William and presents made by Prince Henry to those who assisted in entertaining the Prince during his visit to the United States was announced in Berlin. Mayor Hayes' name was not included in the list of mayors honored.

The London representatives of the Standard Oil Company said there was no truth in the story of the reported combine of the oil interests of Rockefeller, Rothschild and Noble.

Patrick A. McHugh, Nationalist member of Parliament, went from the House of Commons to Sligo jail to serve a three-months' sentence for contempt of court.

Before the special committee on the proposed London tube railways Balfour Browne denied that the Morgan and Yerkes interests are combined.

Forty lives were lost by the sinking of the British steamer Prince Alexander after a collision with the steamer Bat Hin Guan.

Andrew Carnegie bought Lord Acton's famous library and presented it to John Morley, the British historian and statesman.

The missionaries in Szechuen complain to Minister Conger that the massacre of Christians is a daily occurrence. Mayor Collins, of Boston, was appointed an officer of the Legion of Honor.

Lord Kitchener's final dispatches to the Boer war are published. He gives praise to those associated with him in defeating the Boers.

At Tunis one of the assassins of the Marquis de Mores was sentenced to death, and another was condemned to imprisonment for 20 years.

Generals Delarey and Botha will visit the United States to solicit funds for the relief of widows and orphans of Boer soldiers.

THE SOUTHWEST VISITED BY TORNADO

Great Damage Done to Shipping and Property.

COMMUNICATION WAS CUT OFF.

The Gulf of California Swept by a Fierce Storm—Five Vessels Were Blown Ashore at Guaymas, Among Them Two Large Steamers—The Public Buildings at That Town Also Destroyed—Lives Lost.

Tucson, Ariz. (Special).—A tornado visited the Gulf of California, wrecking and damaging many buildings in the coast cities. The wires have been down and news of the disaster has just been received.

At Guaymas five vessels in the bay were dashed ashore and sunk, two of them, El Luella and El Gravina, were large steamers engaged in coastwise trade. The public building containing the offices of the harbor master and collector of customs was destroyed. The residence of the English vice-consul was unroofed and otherwise damaged. The municipal hall and city prison were also damaged.

At Mazatlan the Pomory Ruby, a large passenger steamer, was driven ashore and sunk. Five passengers were drowned, and the rest reached the shore on wreckage and driftwood. Another large vessel in the bay was also damaged by the tornado.

Between Guaymas and Mazatlan a great deal of wreckage drifted ashore, and it is supposed that many small vessels and a large number of lives were lost.

Austin, Tex. (Special).—Central Texas was visited by a most terrific rain-storm. In this city the rain flooded the principal streets from curb to curb and washing into many of the stores. Rivers and small streams are away out of their banks and railroad traffic is seriously interfered with.

Dallas, Tex. (Special).—At Herne, Tex., both the Little and Big Brazos are slowly rising again, and already are out of their banks and in the fields. The situation is growing more serious, and another flood similar to the one of 1899 is feared.

King Edward Can Walk.

London (By Cable).—The latest and most reliable information indicates that King Edward's doctors were not mistaken in fixing August 9 as the date upon which His Majesty could be crowned. The sinister rumors which have pervaded all classes for the last few days now appear to have lost that semblance of probability which made even the members of the cabinet nervous lest another postponement of the coronation might be necessitated. The apprehension that King Edward would be unable to stand the strain of the coronation ceremony has been greatly lessened by the announcement that His Majesty is now permitted to use his feet, and with the aid of a stick, has done a little walking.

Cents for Dollars.

Boston (Special).—The story of a bunco game in which the victim lost \$2500 was told in Police Court here, and as the result Frank Bornstein was held for the grand jury on the charge of the larceny of five hundred \$5 gold coins on July 16 from Bernard Bennett, of this city. It was in evidence that Bennett was induced by Bornstein and a confederate to go into a plan to counterfeit English sovereigns. He furnished 500 gold coins, which the other men apparently placed in a tin can and into which a strong acid was poured. After considerable juggling of the can Bennett received it to carry home. He grew suspicious and concluded it was an infernal machine. A policeman opened the can and \$9.97 in cents came out.

President Offers Prize.

Oyster Bay, N. Y. (Special).—President Roosevelt has offered a prize of \$25 in gold to be contested for by the gun crews on the war yacht Mayflower at the target practice to be held in Gardiners Bay. Mr. Roosevelt will be aboard the Mayflower when the contest takes place. He expects to leave Oyster Bay on a special train for Greenport, L. I. At that point he will go to the Mayflower in a launch, witness the gun practice and return to Oyster Bay in the evening by the special train. Thus he will be away from Sagamore Hill only one day, otherwise he might be away parts of two days.

Declined to Try Feud Cases.

Frankfort, Ky. (Special).—Alie W. Young, of Montgomery county, whom Governor Beckham appointed as Special Judge to go to Breathitt county and sit in the Cockrill-Hargis feud murder case, has returned his commission to the Governor. He declines to serve because of a protest against him by Cockrill's relatives and because of relationship with the Hargis family.

Crime of Young Bride.

Woodsfield, O. (Special).—Mrs. Everett Spence, aged 19, killed her husband, aged 21, and then killed herself. She shot her husband while he was asleep and then used the same weapon on herself. They had been married less than two months, and both were well connected. It is thought she was temporarily deranged.

Was Caused By Naked Lamp.

Johnstown, Pa. (Special).—Superintendent Robinson, of the Cambria Mill Mine, who was on the witness stand before the coroner's jury inquiring into the disaster of July 10 positively stated that the gas was fired by a naked lamp taken in contrary to orders. It is expected that other witnesses who helped to take out the bodies will state which one of the victims, in their opinion, brought on the disaster.

Killed Girl and Himself.

Springfield, Mo. (Special).—Charles Weyland, aged 25, of Norwood, Mo., shot and killed Miss Josephine Sheridan, his former sweetheart, at her home here, and then shot and killed himself. Jealousy probably prompted the act. The two had known each other for four years, and up to a month ago had been engaged to be married.

Fell Into a Boiler.

Dyersburg, Tenn. (Special).—Will Young and Dan McAuliffe met a terrible death while repairing a steam pipe at a mill here. The scaffolding on which they were working gave way, and they fell into one of the boilers and were literally cooked, the flesh dropping from them in large pieces when they were pulled out.

Lived With Pierced Heart.

Baltimore, Md. (Special).—Coroner Baldwin investigated the death of Mrs. Cecelia M. Sullivan, who died at the Maryland Homeopathic Hospital from pistol shot wounds self-inflicted. Dr. E. J. Walton made an autopsy of the body, which revealed the remarkable fact that Mrs. Sullivan had lived about eighteen hours, part of the time conscious, with one bullet wound through the heart and another that penetrated the stomach, liver and spleen. The other bullet grazed the heart. One bullet was found loose in the lining of the heart, one lodged in the back between the ribs and the other in the muscles of the back.

Forty Poisoned by Lemonade.

Knoxville, Tenn. (Special).—More than 40 people were poisoned at Maryville, south of Knoxville, by drinking lemonade which had been carelessly surcharged with tartaric acid. The lemonade was being sold by J. Warren Carr, a merchant, who himself drank freely of the deadly mixture, and he and four others will probably die.

EARTHQUAKES IN CALIFORNIA.

Heavy Seismic Disturbances in the Lampoc Valley.

Lompoc, Cal. (Special).—Lompoc Valley experienced a severe earthquake shock at 10:55 p. m. At that time a violent shock was felt which lasted fully 30 seconds, and was so severe that dishes, clocks, house plants and other articles were thrown from shelves. The people were stricken with terror and ran from their houses, some fearing to return, as other lighter shocks continued for several hours afterwards. Another heavy shock was felt at 5 a. m., and one at 11 a. m. A large water-tank was knocked over, the earth cracked at many different places, and the Santa Ynez river bed was slightly changed at places.

Santa Barbara, Cal. (Special).—Meager advices received from Los Angeles, 45 miles north of this place, report that an unusually severe shock of earthquake occurred about 11 o'clock p. m., doing damage to the property of the Western Union Oil Company estimated from \$12,000 to \$15,000.

At Harris Station, on the railroad, a fissure is reported to have opened, and from it a stream of water 2 feet deep and 18 feet wide is now flowing.

Omaha, Neb. (Special).—An earthquake shock which was general over portions of Nebraska, Western Iowa and South Dakota occurred shortly after noon. The seismic disturbances were felt at a large number of towns in the three states and lasted from 10 to 15 seconds. No damage has been reported thus far, although the shock was sufficient to rattle dishes and to affect bell towers in some places. Yankton, S. D., reports a shock of 12 seconds duration; Santee Agency, in Northern Nebraska, reports a similar occurrence, and Battle Creek, Neb., was shaken for 20 seconds. The disturbance was more plainly felt at the latter place than any other which have reported thus far.

In this city the shake was barely discernible, and few people knew of such a thing until the Weather Bureau reported it.

Killed by Lightning.

Canandaigua, N. Y. (Special).—Another terrific storm visited this section, doing great damage to crops and property that had not already suffered. Edward Chamberlain was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Canandaigua Lake has risen still higher. The damage on hundreds of farms is simply irreparable. From every part of the country come reports that wheat is sprouting in the shock and that a serious blight has befallen the apple trees.

Drunken Mother's Awful Deed.

New York (Special).—Richard Meade, a night watchman, on returning to his home in Brooklyn, found his two little daughters dead from strangulation caused by twine tightly tied around their throats. A third child was unconscious from the same cause and his wife lay in a comatose condition on the floor, apparently suffering from alcoholism combined with poison. According to the police the woman was of intemperate habits, and the supposition is that she strangled the children while in a delirious condition.

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ENGINEER CAMP ATTACKED BY MOROS

Thought Americans Had Neglected to Post Their Sentries.

THEY WERE LED BY THE SULTAN.

One of the Army Transports will be Sent to Manila by Way of Guam, and all the Prisoners who Take the Oath of Allegiance to the United States will be Returned to the Philippine Islands.

Manila (By Cable).—A party of engineers, commanded by Lieutenant Brown, encamped at Matalang river, was attacked by Moros at midnight on Friday. The attack was repulsed without loss to the Americans. Three Moros were killed. Friendly natives report that the Sultan of Nauli personally led the attack, thinking the American camp was without sentries.

A cyclone at Camp Vicars on Saturday last caused much loss of property. Many villages were destroyed and a number of Moros were killed.

Captain Wild's Reprimand.

Washington (Special).—The action of General Chaffee in reprimanding Capt. Frederick S. Wild, Thirteenth Infantry, upon the sentence of a court-martial, has been received at the War Department.

Captain Wild was in command at Lingayen, where a cock pit was burned, two soldiers of the command having been previously stabbed in the cock pit. It was generally understood that the cock pit was burned by the soldiers in revenge. It was brought out in the trial that Captain Wild had been requested by the civil authorities to place a guard over the property after the first attack and failed to do so, and a second attempt at burning resulted in its destruction. General Chaffee in carrying out the sentence of the court says:

"The necessity for this trial is based on the intention to accentuate to the accused that the existing order to give complete and unqualified support to all branches of the civil government in these islands must be complied with, and to show by example that nothing short of such support will be accepted from officers on duty in this division. Captain Wild's conduct is but mildly punished by reprimand. It is destructive to the very foundations of discipline, and when considered in connection with the importance of duty which devolved upon him, is in the highest degree reprehensible."

A Hermit for Thirty Years.

Port Jervis, N. Y. (Special).—Col. John F. Lord died suddenly at the age of 85 years at Rio, N. Y., about 10 miles west of this place. For 30 years he lived the life of a hermit, until one night a few years ago his cabin was burned, when he sought shelter in the cottage of John Dougherty, the Rio postmaster. Years ago Lord was a power in the politics of Pennsylvania. He was an uncle of President Harrison's second wife. About the close of the Civil War he began to lose influence and prestige and became a wanderer. After years of living by odd jobs in Sullivan county lumber mills and tanneries he became a recluse.

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LIVE NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

Cotton Forges Ahead.

A bulletin just issued by the Department of Agriculture on the subject of "The Future Demand for American Cotton," argues that the expansion of the industry depends upon the amount of clothing worn by the world.

The consumption of cotton, according to this bulletin, has increased so greatly within the last quarter of a century that there would appear to be no real limit to its future possibilities. It is estimated that of the world's population of 1,500,000,000 about 500,000,000 regularly wear clothes. About 750,000,000 are partly clad and 250,000,000 habitually go naked, or almost so, so that to clothe the entire population of the world it would require the production of 42,000,000 bales of 500 pounds each. It therefore seems more than likely, says the department bulletin, that the cotton industry will continue to expand until all the inhabitants of the earth are clothed with the products of the looms. This is not regarded as an unreasonable conclusion when it is considered that cotton is the cheapest material for clothing known to man.

Printing Done by Outsiders.

The Postoffice Department has advertised for bids for printing the postage and special stamps for the Government to be supplied to postoffices throughout the country during the next fiscal year.

The action is the result of what the postal officials term an unreasonable and excessive price asked by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, which has been doing the work for years. The call may raise an issue as to the right of a government officer to contract with outside interests for work that can be done by another branch of the government.

Comptroller of the Treasury Tracewell recently decided that all printing for the Government departments must be done at the Government printing offices unless otherwise provided by law, and that the law implicitly prohibits the departments from procuring printing not otherwise provided for to be done elsewhere. It is said that the transfer of the work to an outsider would result in laying off a large number of employees of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Musical Instruments.

The Census Bureau issued a bulletin on the manufacture of musical instruments and materials in the United States. There are 621 establishments where instruments are made. Of these 263 are devoted to the manufacture of pianos, 129 to the manufacture of organs and 229 to the manufacture of other musical instruments. The capital invested amounts to \$47,751,582, of which more than \$38,000,000 is used in making pianos.

The value of the product is returned at \$44,514,463, to produce which involved an outlay of \$2,164,171 for the salaries of officials, clerks, etc.; \$12,801,767 for wages; \$3,786,920 for miscellaneous expenses, including rent, taxes, etc., and \$18,607,537 for materials used, mill supplies, freight and fuel.

They Surpass Americans.

Mr. John R. Proctor, of the Civil Service Commission, gave out the following statement:

The commission is